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INSTITUCIONALNE UREDITVE VODNEGA GOSPODARSTVA V RS IN NEKATERIH DRŽAVAH EU

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Povzetek

V tem seminarju je predstavljeno delovanje inštitucij, ki sodelujejo v vodnem gospodarstvu. Predstavljene so inštitucije in njihovo sodelovanje v vodnem gospodarstvu v Republiki Sloveniji in v sedmih državah Evropske Unije (Francija, Litva, Madžarska, Nemčija, Nizozemska, Portugalska, Velika Britanija). Narejena je horizontalna primerjava teh držav na dvanajstih področjih vodnega gospodarstva, kjer se tudi najlepše pokažejo posebnosti vsake državne ureditve in skupni trendi v vodnem gospodarstvu. Prav tako je narejen pregled izvajanja gospodarskih javnih služb v Republiki Sloveniji in primerjava dveh možnih oblik organiziranja le teh: javna podjetja, ki so v javni lasti in podeljevanje koncesij, v glavnem podjetjem zasebnega značaja. Obe obliki organiziranja sta analizirani po metodi SWOT. Na povodju Kokre je narejena praktična primerjava izvajanja vodne oskrbe med Slovenijo in drugimi državami, po čem se razlikujejo in kaj imajo skupnega. Povodje je podrobno opisano, predstavljene pa so tudi osnovne dejavnosti na povodju. Narejena je bila primerjava ureditve vodo oskrbe na Kokri, in sicer med tremi različnimi oblikami vodnogospodarske ureditve, v državah kot so: Francija, Nizozemska in Anglija. Pri tem so izpostavljene skupne lahnosti in področja, ki so v Sloveniji drugače urejena.

Ključne besede: vodno gospodarstvo, inštitucije, gospodarske javne službe, javna podjetja, koncesije, oskrba z vodo

Abstract

This summary introduce functions of institutions, which cooperate together in water management. It also introduces institutions and their cooperation in water management in countries as Slovenia and other seven European states (France, Lithuania, Hungary, Germany, Nederland, Portugal and Great Britain). The horizontal comparison on these countries is done in twelve fields of water management, where specialties of every state arrangement and trends in water management are recognizable very well. An overview of economic public services in Slovenia is made and also a review of two ways how to organize them: as public enterprises, which are in public hands and granting of concessions, mainly companies of private care. Both of them are analyzed in the SWOT method. On the river basin of Kokra the practical comparison in performing water supply between Slovenia and other countries is done, where we can see what they have income and where differences are. The river basin is precisely described and also basic activities on river basin are done. The comparison on water supply on Kokra was done between three different forms of water management arrangement in countries as: France, Nederland and England. In the comparison differences and common characteristic and fields, which are different in Slovenia are expose.

Key words: water management, institutions, economic public services, public enterprises, concessions, water supply